

# Internal Medicine Postgraduate Examination CONTENT GUIDELINE

# **EXAMINATION OUTLINE**

## **Examination Outline:**

The Internal Medicine postgraduate examination questions encompass different sections within the area of internal medicine. Within each section a range of topics that are encountered in general clinical service are listed. Each of these sections comprises a specific percentage of the overall examination. The sections are described in the following table:

Category	Content Outline	Weight
AMBULATORY CARE	Dizziness Headaches Low Back Pain Hypertension Cancer Screening Vaccination Headaches Diabetes Hyperlipidemia Esophageal Disorders Peptic Ulcer disease Irritable Bowel Disease Urinary tract infections Sexually Transmitted Infections Brucellosis Schistosomiasis Leishmaniasis Malaria Anemia Anticoagulation Obstructive Lung diseases	11%
CARDIOLOGY	Congestive Heart Failure (CHF) Arrhythmias Coronary Artery Disease (CAD) Myocardial diseases Pericardial diseases Valvular Diseases Cardiovascular risk reduction Peripheral vascular disease Perioperative cardiac assessment Aortic disorders	10%
CRITICAL CARE	Shock and Sepsis Respiratory Failure and Ventilation Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS) Resuscitation Fluids Transfusion Acid—Base and Electrolyte Disturbances Sedation and Delirium Ventilators: invasive and noninvasive Targeted Temperature Management after Cardiac Arrest	5%



	Glycemic Emergencies	
	Thyroid Disorders	
	Adrenal Disorders	
	Osteoporosis	
<b>ENDOCRINOLOGY</b>	Calcium-Based Disorders	
	Obesity and Metabolic Syndrome	8%
	Pituitary Disorders	
	Male Hypogonadism	
	Hirsutism	
	Metabolism Disorders	
	Growth and Abnormal Stature	
	Gastrointestinal Bleeding	
	Acute Liver Failure	
	Hepatitis	
	Liver Cirrhosis	
	Fulminant Hepatic Failure	
	Budd-Chiari syndrome	
	Acute and chronic diarrhea	
	Colonic polyposis	
	Colonic cancer	400/
	Gastrointestinal infections	10%
	Disorders affecting the peritoneum	
GASTROENTEROLOGY	Liver Abscesses	
	Inflammatory Bowel Disease	
	Pancreatic and Biliary Diseases	
	Diverticulitis	
	Intestinal Ischemia	
	Malabsorption Syndromes	
	GI diseases in pregnancy	



	Transfusion Reactions	
	Venous Thromboembolism	
	Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation	
	Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia	
	Hematologic Malignancies	
	Bleeding Disorders	
	Hemoglobinopathies	
UEMATOLOGY	Hypercoagulable disorders	00/
HEMATOLOGY	Thrombocytopenia	9%
	Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura	
	Peri-operative management of bleeding/thrombotic	
	disorders	
	Hematological diseases in pregnancy	
	Hematopoietic Stem-Cell Transplantation	
	Abnormalities in peripheral blood smear	
	Myeloproliferative disorders	
	Antimicrobial agents	
	Infective endocarditis	
	Pneumonia	
	CNS infections	
	HIV/AIDS	
	Infections in an immunocompromised patient	
	Skin and Soft Tissue Infections	
	Opportunistic Infections	
INFECTIOUS DISEASES	Hospital acquired infections	9%
INFECTIOUS DISEASES	Tuberculosis	
	MERS-CoV infections	
	Dengue and other hemorrhagic fevers	
	Clostridium difficile Infection	
	Fungal infections	
	Principals of infections control	
	Principals of antimicrobial prophylaxis	
	Tick-Borne Diseases	



NEPHROLOGY	Acute Kidney Injury Chronic Kidney Disease End-Stage Renal Disease Glomerular Diseases Kidney stones Electrolyte disturbances Kidney Transplant Immunosuppressive Therapy Kidney Transplant complications	8%
	Dialysis related complications Preoperative assessment of renal patients Renal diseases in pregnancy Hypertension	
NEUROLOGY	Acute Stroke Intra-cerebral hemorrhage Neurological manifestations of systemic diseases Carotid Stenosis Meningitis and Encephalitis (Infections of the Central Nervous System) Epidural Abscess and Vertebral Osteomyelitis Transverse myelitis Optic neuritis Demyelinating syndromes Movement disorders Paraplegia Neuromuscular disorders Seizures and Epilepsy Mononeuropathies and polyneuropathies Altered Mental Status	7%
ONCOLOGY	Oncologic emergencies Complications of cancer therapy including hematopoietic, cardiac, pulmonary, genitourinary, sexual and renal complications Malignant pleural effusion Brain Metastases Venous Thromboembolism in Malignancy Malignant Bowel Obstruction Solid organ malignancies	5%
PULMONOLOGY	Restrictive Lung diseases Occupational Lung diseases Suppurative lung diseases Pleural effusion Lung masses Sleep apnea syndromes Pulmonary vascular disorders Pulmonary vasculitis Preoperative pulmonary assessment	9%



RHEUMATOLOGY	Osteoarthritis Inflammatory Arthritis Septic Arthritis Crystal induced arthropathy Rheumatoid arthritis Spondyloarthropathies Psoriatic arthritis Reactive arthritis Gonococcal arthritis Enteropathic arthritis Vasculitides Systemic Lupus Erythematosus Systemic Sclerosis Inflammatory Myopathies Sarcoidosis Behcet's disease Relapsing polychondiritis Cogan's syndrome Metabolic bone disorders Utility and interpretation of antibody testing Synovial fluid analysis	9%
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<sup>\*</sup> Blueprint distributions of the examination may differ up to +/-5% in each category \* Applies to Internal Medicine postgraduate examinations as of Jan 2020



#### **EXAMINATION DOMAINS**

These domains reflect practice that will be assessed in all examinations. The domains are not mutually independent such that items can be designed for a particular domain or for multiple domains solely. Principles of patient safety underscore each of the domains.

#### ASSESSMENT/DIAGNOSIS

Discriminates important from unimportant information and reaches a reasonable differential diagnosis and/or diagnosis. Explores illness and disease using clinical judgment to gather, interpret and synthesize relevant information.

#### **MANAGEMENT**

Discusses therapeutic management, including but not limited to pharmacotherapy, adverse effects and patient safety, illness prevention and health promotion when appropriate. Selects appropriate treatments (including monitoring, counseling, and follow-up); considers risks and benefits of therapy and instructs the patient accordingly.

#### **INVESTIGATIONS**

Selects suitable laboratory or diagnostic studies to elucidate or confirm the diagnosis; takes into consideration associated risks and benefits.

#### **DATA INTERPRETATION**

Interprets investigative data appropriately in the context of the problem(s).

#### **PROFESSIONAL BEHAVIORS**

Attitudes, knowledge, and skills relating to clinical and/or medical administrative competence, communication, ethics, as well as societal and legal duties. The understanding and application of these behaviors demonstrates a commitment to excellence, respect, integrity, empathy, and accountability. Professional behaviors also include but are not limited to self-awareness, reflection, life-long learning, leadership, and scholarly habits.



### **REFERENCES**

Suggested References	
•	Kumar and Clark's Clinical Medicine
•	Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine
•	Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine
•	Nicholas clinical examination
•	Macleod's clinical examination
•	Medical Knowledge Self-Assessment Program (MKSAP)
•	UpToDate

*Note:* This list is intended for use as a study aid only. SCFHS does not intend the list to imply endorsement of these specific references, nor are the exam questions necessarily taken from these sources.